

Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act

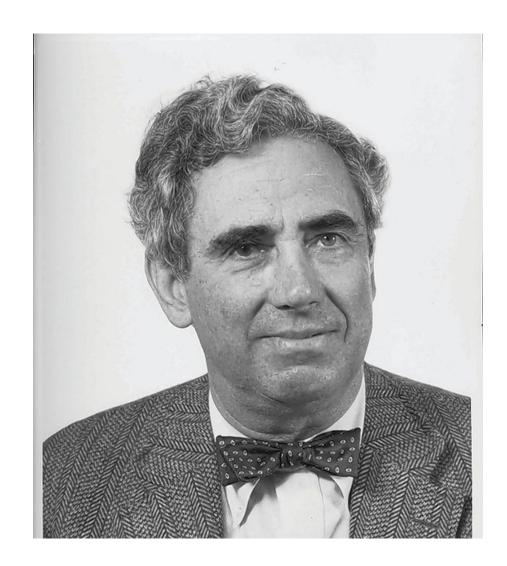
Amy S. Ackerman July 11, 2022



Bagley-Keene Basics

- I. Why?
- II. State Bodies
- III. Meetings/Unlawful Meetings
- IV. Meeting Types, Notices, and Agendas
- V. The Rights of the Public
- VI. Closed Sessions
- VII. Enforcement

I. Mhys



"Your Secret Government"

by SF Chronicle Reporter
Mike Harris



Mhh's



The Ralph M. Brown Act:

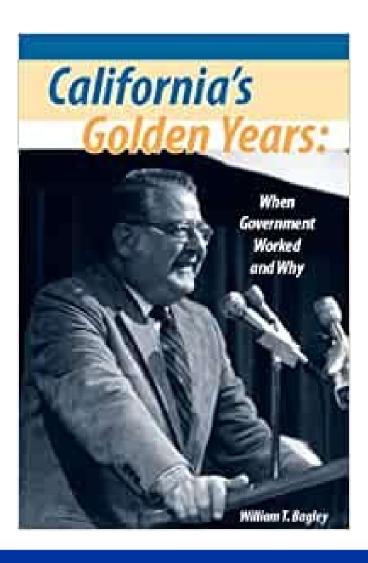
Open Meetings Law for local "legislative bodies"

Govt. Code § 54950 et. seq.





Mhàs







The Bagley-Keene Act - Why?

"Public agencies exist to aid in the conduct of the people's business and the proceedings of public agencies must be conducted openly so that the public may remain informed."

Govt. Code §11120



Wait, there's more

"The people of this state do not yield their sovereignty to the agencies which serve them. The people, in delegating authority, do not give their public servants the right to decide what is good for the people to know and what is not good for them to know. The people insist on remaining informed so that they may retain control over the instruments they have created."

Govt. Code §11120





II. State Bodies





II. State Bodies

"Every state board, or commission, or similar multimember body of the state that is created by statute or required by law to conduct official meetings and every commission created by executive order."

This Committee is a state body.

Govt. Code § 11121(a)

II. State bodies (create new state bodies)



This Committee creates another state body if:

- > It creates a multimember body and delegates authority to it.
- It creates an advisory body by "formal action" of 3 or more persons.
- The Subcommitees are state bodies.

Govt. Code § 11121(b)(c)





III. Meetings/Unlawful meetings



Meeting:

Any congregation of a majority of the members of a state body at the same time and place to hear, discuss, or deliberate upon any item that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state body to which it pertains.

Govt. Code § 111222.5(a)



Unlawful Meetings – Seriatim meetings

A majority of the members of a state body shall not, outside of a meeting authorized by this chapter, use a series of communications of any kind, directly or through intermediaries, to discuss, deliberate, or take action on any item of business that is within the subject matter of the state body.



Govt. Code §11122.5(b)





Seriatim Meetings

A talks/ emails B

B talks to C

C talks to D

A, B, C, and D have a joint conversation, by phone rather than in person

Nonmeetings- Attendance by a majority OK

- ➤ Conference
- >Meeting open to the public on matter of state concern
- ➤ Purely social or ceremonial occasion
- Attendance at a subcommittee meeting if non-subcommittee members attend as "observer"

Govt. Code §11122.5

Caveat: No discussion of Committee business







V. Meeting Types, Notice and Agendas





Types of Meetings

Regular

Special



Teleconference Meetings



Regular Meeting

- ➤ Notice and agenda on the internet and to anyone who requests notice in writing 10 days in advance
- Notice of Committee meeting constitutes notice of its Subcommittees provided that:
 - ➤ Business to be discussed on agenda;
 - Specific time and place of subcommittee meetings announced during Committee meeting
 - Subcommittee meets "within a reasonable time of and nearby" the Committee
- If Subcommittees meets not during a Committee meeting, notice and agenda required.

Govt. Code § 11125



Special Meeting – Very Unlikely

48 hours notice BUT only to consider:

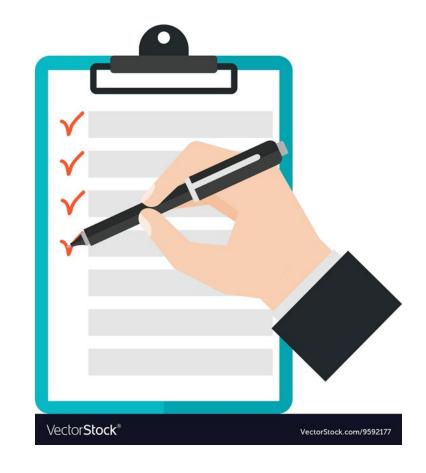
- ➤ Pending litigation
- ➤ Proposed legislation
- ➤ Issuance of a legal opinion
- > Disciplinary action against an employee
- > Real property purchases/sales
- >Action on a loan or grant
- ➤To consider confidential final draft audit report from Bureau of State Audits
- >Appoint interim executive officer

Govt. Code § 11125.4

Agendas Requirements (all meetings)

- ➤ Brief description of the items to be transacted or discussed. (Usually 20 words or fewer)
- Agendas and attachments distributed to members prior to or during meeting available to public at meeting if prepared by Committee or after if prepared by some other person.

Govt. Code § 11125, 11125.1





Why does it matter what's on the Agenda?



Except under emergency circumstances, a state body cannot act on items of business not on the agenda.

Govt. Code § 11125.3





Teleconference Meetings



Teleconference Meetings

"A meeting of a state body, the members of which are at different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or both audio and video."

Govt. Code § 11123







Important!

Even if the Committee is not meeting by teleconference, it may provide additional locations for the public to observe or address the state body by audio/video.



Regular Teleconference Requirements

- >Same notice and agenda requirements
- ➤ All teleconference locations identified in the notice and agenda
- > Agendas must be posted at all locations
- >Public entitled to appear at all locations

➤ All votes by roll call



Govt. Code § 11123





(Pandemic) Teleconference Rules

Background:

- ➤ Governor's Executive Orders
- ➤ AB 361 expired January 31, 2022
- ➤SB 189 –enacted June 30, 2022. Extends the pandemic-related rules in Govt. Code § 11133 until December 31, 2023

Pandemic Teleconference Requirements

- All teleconference locations identified in the notice and agenda
- Agendas must be posted at all locations
- Public entitled to appear at all locations

NOT REQUIRED

- Same notice and agenda requirements
- Provide notice to the public of right to observe and offer public comment
- >Provide procedure to access meeting.
- ➤ Take action by roll call vote
- ➤ Use sound discretion and reasonable efforts to otherwise comply with the Act.

REQUIRED



Teleconference for Advisory Committees – Non pandemic (Subcommittees)

- > Same agenda and notice requirements
- Must be a primary physical location where public can attend and participate
- > A quorum must be present at physical location
- 24 hours notice of any member participating remotely
- Minutes list members who participate remotely
- > All decisions by rollcall vote
- > Information to public about remote participation

Govt. Code § 11123.5



V. The Public's Rights



Right to public comment

Right to comment on every agenda item (action or discussion) before action is taken or discussion concluded:

Unless

A subcommittee composed solely of members of this Committee has previously heard the item and the item is substantially the same

Govt. Code § 11125.7





Rights of the Public



- ➤ No conditions on attendance § 11124
- ➤No requirement to give name § 11124
- ➤ Right to record meetings § 11124
- ➤ Right to criticize the policies, programs, services, acts or omissions of the state body (11125.7(d)



Limitations on Public Comment

- ➤OK to adopt rule limiting the total amount of time for public comment per issue
- ➤Ok to limit time per speaker (three minutes)
- ➤ But speaker using a translator or translator technology gets double the time



Govt. Code §11125.7.





VI. Closed Sessions





Must be expressly authorized

- ➤ Personnel matters
- ➤ Salary negotiations
- ➤ Real Estate negotiations
- ➤ Security threats
- ➤ Confer with legal counsel regarding pending litigation
- > Exceptions related to specific boards

Govt. Code § 11126



VIII. Enforcement





Enforcement

- >Attorney general, district attorney, or "any interested person" can seek a court order:
 - >Stopping or preventing violations
 - ➤ Voiding an action taken in violation of the Act
- ➤ Court can award attorneys' fees and costs
- ➤ Knowingly attending a meeting in violation of the act is a misdemeanor

Govt. Code §§ 11130.3, 1130.5, 11130.7

The End!!!





